A. Beekman,

Seroll Sarring Machine.

Patented Sep. 8, 1863. JV 239,790. Fig. 1. Fig. 2. B Mitnesses: Maylas Geold Rus Inventor Alsam Bechman

United States Patent Office.

ABRAM BEEKMAN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

IMPROVEMENT IN SCROLL-SAWS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 39,790, dated Sepember 8, 1863.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ABRAM BEEKMAN, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Scroll Sawing Machine; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making a part of this specification, in which-

Figure 1 is a side sectional view of my invention, taken in the line x x, Fig. 2; Fig. 2,

a plan or top view of the same. Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts in the two figures.

This invention relates to a new and improved sawing-machine, such as are designed for sawing scroll-work; and it consists in attaching the ends of the saw to rocking arms, which are connected to the ends of an oscillating beam or frame, all being arranged in such a manner that the saw will have a vertical movement, and by an exceedingly simple and economical means.

To enable those skilled in the art to fully understand and construct my invention I will

proceed to describe it.

A represents a framing, which may be constructed in any proper manner, to support a horizontal bed piece, B, on which the stuff to be sawed is placed, and C represents a beam or frame, which is secured on a rock-shaft, D, a trifle above the bed-piece B, at one end of it. This beam or frame C is of U shape, and it has one arm, a, above the bed-piece B, and the other arm, a', below it, as shown in Fig. 1.

To the front end of the arm a of the beam or frame C there is attached, by a pin or pivot, b, a rocker, D, the front edge of which is of curved form, and the lower end of this rocker has a bar, E, attached to it by a joint or hinge, c, the back end of said bar being attached by a joint or hinge, d, to an upright, F, secured to the framing A, said upright passing through an oblong slot in the arm a, to serve as a guide for the beam or frame C. The front end of the lower arm, a', of the beam or frame C also has a rocker G attached to it, similar to the rocker D. The rocker G at its upper end has a bar, H, attached to it by a joint or hinge, e, the back end of said bar being connected by a joint or hinge, f, to a pendant, I, attached to the under side of the bed piece B, said pendant passing through an oblong slot in the arm a', and also serving as a guide to the beam or frame C.

J represents the saw, the lower end of which is attached, by a metal strap, g, to the rocker G, as shown at h. (See Fig. 1.) The upper end of the saw J is attached by a metal strap, i, to a rack, j, which is fitted in the upper rocker, D, and has a pinion, k, gearing into it, the shaft l of which has a crank, m, attached at one end. (See Fig. 2.) The saw J is strained to the proper degree of tension by turning the crank m, and the rack is held at the desired point by means of a pin driven into one side of the rocker D, so as to serve as a stop for the crank m. Other fastenings, however, for this purpose may be employed. The saw J works through a slot, n, in the bedpiece B. In the lower part of the framing A there is fitted a driving-shaft, K, on the inner end of which there is secured a crank-pulley, L, to which the lower end of a pitman, M, is connected, the upper end of said pitman being attached to the front end of the arm a' of the beam or frame C.

From the above description it will be seen that when the shaft K is rotated an oscillating motion will be communicated to the beam or frame C through the medium of the crank-pulley L and pitman M, and that the saw J will work in a vertical line, the rockers D G compensating for the curvilinear movement of the beam or frame C. The rockers D G, in consequence of being connected by the bars E H to the fixed parts F I, are moved as the beam or frame C is oscillated, to effect this result the upper part of the rocker D being thrown outward or forward as the arm a descends, and thrown backward as it ascends, while the lower rocker, G, has a similar movement imparted to it by its bar H. Thus, by this simple arrangement, a very compact and economical scroll-sawing machine is obtained.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent, is-

The oscillating beam or frame C, in combination with the rockers D G, saw J, attached thereto, as shown, and the bars E H, the latter being connected to the rockers and to the fixtures F I, and all arranged substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

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Witnesses: THOS. S. J. DOUGLAS, GEO. W. REED.