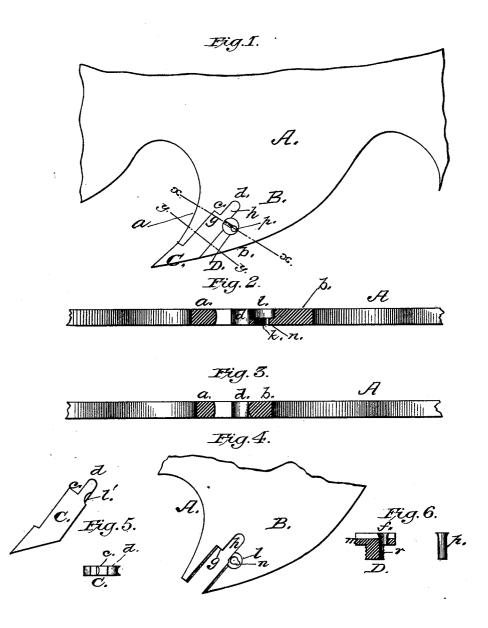
J. OHLEN.
Insertible Saw-Tooth.

No. 221,602.

Patented Nov. 11, 1879.



Aghn A. Geis, Frank J. Clasi. James Ohlen, by EW Audissni his ATTORNEY

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES OHLEN, OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

IMPROVEMENT IN INSERTIBLE SAW-TEETH.

· Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 221,602, dated November 11, 1879; application filed September 29, 1879.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES OHLEN, of Columbus, in the county of Franklin and State of Ohio, have invented a new and valuable Improvement in Insertible Saw-Teeth; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had to the annexed drawings, making a part of this specification, and to the letters of reference marked thereon.

Figure 1 of the drawings is a representation of a plan view of a portion of a saw illustrating my invention. Figs. 2 and 3 are sectional views thereof, taken through lines x x and y y, respectively; and Figs. 4, 5, and 6 are de-

This invention has relation to saws in which the teeth are inserted; and it consists in the construction and novel arrangement of the screw-holes in the plate, the enlargement on one side of the plate for the head of the screw, the key-groove on one side of the threaded portion, the large headed screw having a keygroove in its threaded portion and a hole through its head for the key, and the arcshaped recess on one side of the tooth to receive one edge of the screw-head and form the complement of its seat, substantially as specified.

In the accompanying drawings, the letter A designates the plate of the saw, having the projecting portions B for the teeth, such portions having an upper or forward branch, a, and an under or rear branch, b, separated by a space in which the tooth is received, and

forming the tooth-seat.

The front branch, a, is provided near its upper end with a projecting shoulder, c, beyoud which a narrow recess, d, extends up into the blade or plate, as shown in the draw-

The inner faces of the branches a and b are convex transversely as far as the shoulder c in front and the screw-hole in the rear, beyond which point said edges are plain.

C indicates the tooth, which is elongated and extends up into the seat of the plate, its lateral edges e being concave to correspond with the convex inner edges of the seatbranches, and engage therewith.

The tooth is provided with a stop-shoulder, g, to engage with the shoulder \tilde{c} of the tooth-seat, and beyond this shoulder with a

narrow projection, h, which extends up into the narrow part d of the tooth-seat.

Opposite the shoulder portion c on the opposite or rear branch of the tooth seat is formed a screw-hole, consisting of a small threaded aperture, k, on one side and a large recess, l, on the other side of the blade, to receive, respectively, the threaded portion and the large disk-shaped head m of the screw. On the side of the threaded portion k farthest removed from the tooth-seat a groove, n, is made to receive one end of a key-pin, p, the other end of said pin extending through a hole, f, in the head of the screw D, which is also provided on its threaded portion with a groove, r, forming the complement of the key-groove n of the plate.

In the rear edge of the upper portion of the tooth, on one side thereof, is formed an arc-shaped recess, l', forming the complement of the recess l of the blade, and receiving one side of the screw-head m when the screw is inserted, after seating the tooth firmly up against the shoulder or stop c. Then the key-pin being driven in through the head m between the threads of the screw and screw-aperture, the tooth is firmly secured and ready for work.

I am aware that various devices engaging both the tooth and the blade have been used for securing said teeth in the blades, and therefore I do not make any broad claim thereto.

What I claim, and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent, is-

The combination, with the double-branched tooth-seat ab, of the blade, having on one side of the rear branch a large recess, l, and a threaded aperture, k, with a key-groove, n, on the opposite side thereof for the tooth-seat, of the tooth C and its arc-shaped recess l', forming the complement of the recess l, the screw D, having the perforated disk-shaped head m engaging the recesses of the tooth and blade, and grooved at r to form the complement of the key-groove for the key-pin, substantially as specified.

In testimony that I claim the above I have hereunto subscribed my name in the presence

of two witnesses.

JAMES OHLEN.

Witnesses:

CARROLL J. HOLLOWAY, DAVID F. MCNAGHTON.