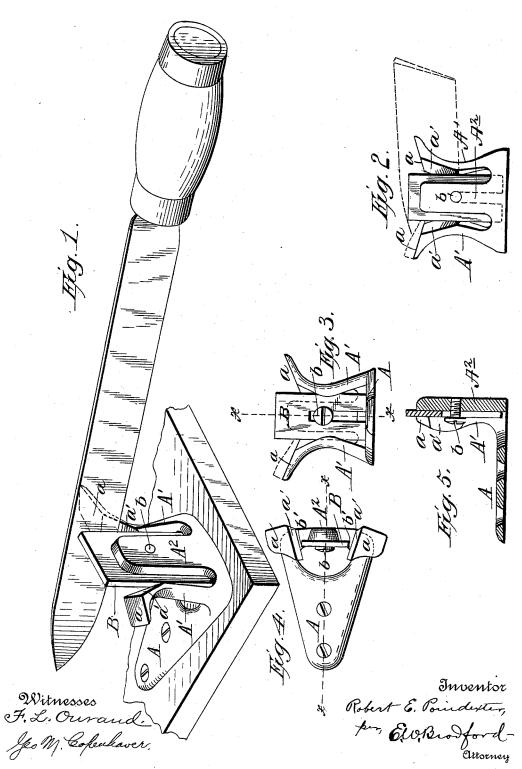
R. E. POINDEXTER. KNIFE SHARPENER.

(Application filed July 28, 1898.)

(No Model.)



United States Patent Office.

ROBERT E. POINDEXTER, OF INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

KNIFE-SHARPENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 612,912, dated October 25, 1898.

Application filed July 28, 1898. Serial No. 687,091. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:
Be it known that I, ROBERT E. POINDEX-TER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Indianapolis, in the county of Marion and 5 State of Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Knife-Sharpeners, of which the following is a specification.

My invention consists in an improved construction and arrangement of parts in detail 10 of a knife and scissors sharpener, whereby such a tool is provided which will be inexpensive, convenient to use, and very durable, as will be hereinafter more fully described

Referring to the accompanying drawings, which are made a part hereof, and on which similar letters of reference indicate similar parts, Figure 1 is a perspective view of one of my improved knife-sharpeners in position 20 for use, a knife being shown in the position it occupies when being sharpened therein. Fig. 2 is a front elevation of the same, the position of a knife and a scissors blade being indicated by dotted lines on opposite sides of 25 the device in the positions they will occupy while being sharpened; Fig. 3, an elevation of the rear side of the device; Fig. 4, a top view, and Fig. 5 a longitudinal central section on the dotted lines x x in Figs. 3 and 4.

In said drawings the portion marked A represents the base-block, and B the sharpen-

ing-steel.

The base A consists of a cast-metal block provided with suitable means for attachment 35 to a bench, table, or other convenient place, such as screw-holes, as shown, and has an upright portion divided into three parts by vertical slots, said parts being the side uprights A' and the central upright A2. Each of said 40 uprights is formed with its top a beveled to the degree required to support a scissorsblade when laid in a flat position thereon to present its edge to the cutting edge of the steel, so as to give said edge the proper bevel 45 after being operated upon. The inner edges a' are also beveled, both vertically from the top down toward the steel, which they nearly approach midway thereof, and transversely from front to back toward the steel. This 50 bevel a' is such as will furnish a rest for the side of the knife-blade when laid against it

in position to bring its opposite edge against |

the cutting corner of the steel to sharpen it as it is drawn through the space between the steel and the said beveled portion a'. The 55 base A is cut out just beneath the steel B, so as to permit of the vertical adjustment thereof when desired, as will be presently described.

The steel B is simply a rectangular piece of 60 chilled steel of proper size, and may be made of scraps or small portions, such as would be ordinarily thrown away around a saw-manufacturing establishment. It is formed with a vertical slot, and is thus made vertically-ad- 65 justable on the screw b, by which it is secured to the central upright A2. By this means it can be adjusted to bring substantially the entire length of its edges into use, and when the edges of one side are worn to a 70 point where they are not effective the steel can be reversed and the other corners used, thus affording a very long life to the device and making it very inexpensive compared with its usefulness.

In use the knife is placed against the bevel a', first on one side and then on the other, with the edge in contact with the proper corner of the steel, and drawn its length until said corner has operated to cut said edge down 80 to the desired degree. When it is desired to give the blade a bevel back from the edge, it can be held so that the corner of the steel will cut on the blade back of the edge until the bevel desired has been secured and then 85 it may be held up to said corner to put on the cutting edge, as will be readily understood. To sharpen scissors, the blade is simply held flat on the bevel a and the blade drawn back against the cutting corner of the steel until 90 the edge is brought to the desired degree of sharpness.

Having thus fully described my said invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure

by Letters Patent, is-

1. A sharpening-tool for blades, consisting of a base, the uprights A' and A² with the vertical slots between them, the central upright A² being formed with straight parallel sides, and the steel B mounted on said central up- 100 right and formed of greater width to extend beyond the edges thereof and nearly across said vertical slots, said side uprights \mathbf{A}' being formed with beveled portions to serve as rests

for the blades and support them in position | to be drawn across the cutting corner of said steel to be sharpened, substantially as set

2. The combination of the base A, formed with uprights A' and A^2 with slots between them, each of said uprights A' being formed with the beveled portions a at the top and the beveled portions a' on their adjacent sides 10 to support the seissors and knife blades respectively in position to be sharpened, said

base being cut away beneath the steel, and said steel mounted on said upright A² to be adjusted vertically, and adapted to be reversed, substantially as set forth.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my

hand and seal, at Indianapolis, Indiana, this 25th day of July, A. D. 1898.

ROBERT E. POINDEXTER. [L. S.]

Witnesses:

H. E. DENISON, F. C. GARDNER.